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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/731,680	12/09/2003	Lilia P. Burleva	85754JLT	6376
. 75	590 10/07/2005		EXAM	INER
Paul A. Leipold			CHEA, THORL	
Patent Legal St	aff			
Eastman Kodak Company			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
343 State Street			1752	
Rochester, NY 14650-2201			DATE MAILED: 10/07/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Advisory Action	10/731,680	BURLEVA ET AL.				
Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Thorl Chea	1752				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address				
THE REPLY FILED 22 September 2005 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE.						
The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on the same day as filing a Notice of Appeal. To avoid abandonment of this application, applicant must timely file one of the following replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit, or other evidence, which places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in compliance with 37 CFR 41.31; or (3) a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply must be filed within one of the following time periods:						
a) The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailir	ng date of the final rejection.					
The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection.						
Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 3 Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of example of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office late may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b) NOTICE OF APPEAL	706.07(f). e on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.1 extension and the corresponding amount shortened statutory period for reply orig er than three months after the mailing da	136(a) and the appropriate extension fee of the fee. The appropriate extension fee inally set in the final Office action; or (2) as				
 The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in com filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exter a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed 	ension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the appeal. Since				
AMENDMENTS						
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, (a) They raise new issues that would require further co (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below) (c) They are not deemed to place the application in beautiful appeal; and/or 	onsideration and/or search (see NO ow);	TE below);				
(d) They present additional claims without canceling a NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a))		ected claims.				
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121. See attached Notice of Non-Compliant Amendment (PTOL-324). 5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):						
6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be a		timely filed amendment canceling the				
non-allowable claim(s). 7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is pro The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: None. Claim(s) objected to: None. Claim(s) rejected: 1 and 3-27. Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE		Il be entered and an explanation of				
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, because applicant failed to provide a showing of good ar was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 						
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessal ☐ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER 	overcome <u>all</u> rejections under apper ry and was not earlier presented. S	al and/or appellant fails to provide a lee 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1).				
 The request for reconsideration has been considered be See Continuation Sheet. 						
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s).13. Other:	(PTO/SB/08 or PTO-1449) Paper N					
	•	Thorl Chea Primary Examiner Art Unit: 1752				

Continuation of 11, does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: of the reason set forth in the Final Office Action. The claimed invention is related to the claiming of a process for forming a photothermographic emulsion. The process for forming a silver halide grains by ex-situ and in-situ have been conventionally practiced in the art. Winslow et al discloses a decomposition of sulfur compound in oxidizing environment to chemically sensitize the silver halide grains. It would have been obvious to the worker of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use compound taught in Riester et al in the process of Winslow et al with a reasonable expectation of increasing the sensitivity of silver halide grains in either in situ, ex situ or the combination thereof in oxidizing environment. The Declaration under 37 CFR 1.132 on April 28, 2005 and the substance presented in the argument is related to the results associated with the article containing a gold compound and the diphenylphosphinesufide disclosed in the copending application 10/731,251. However, the invention presently claimed is directed to a process claimed contains no gold compound therein. The Declaration fails to shows the criticality of the combination of the processing steps presently claimed. It is improper to conclude that the improvement found in the material is a directed linked to the process of forming thereof. Riester et al is not a non-analogous art, but a related art. Both sulfur compound have been known as chemical sensitizer for a silver halide grains for both photographic and photothermographic material. Both photographic and photothermographic material require imagewise exposure to form a latent image before either wet processing or dry developing. It would have been obvious to the worker of ordinary skill in the art to chemically sensitize the silver halide grains to increase the speed thereof using a known chemical sensitizser such as metal compound or sulfur compound. Accordingly, it is still believed that the invention as claimed would have been found prima facie obvious to the worker of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made .